## SEMESTER 2<sup>nd</sup> MINOR COURSE

# EEM222M: ELECTRONICS EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE (EEM) (DIGITAL ELECTRONICS AND LINEAR CIRCUITS - TESTING AND TROUBLESHOOTING)

(CREDITS: THEORY-04, PRACTICALS-02)

#### LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- To acquire knowledge about number systems and their interconversion and study basics of Boolean algebra.
- To study various logic families and gain knowledge about various combinational and sequential logic circuits.
- To study basics of OP-AMPS and their applications.

## UNIT I: NUMBER SYSTEM & BOOLEAN ALGEBRA

Number Systems, Introduction to Decimal, Binary, Octal, Hexadecimal Number systems, BCD codes, Inter-conversions of Decimal, Binary and BCD numbers, Excess-3 and Gray codes, Logic Gates: Different Logic Gates (AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, EXOR), Positive and Negative logic.

Boolean Algebra: Boolean operations, logic expressions, DeMorgan's theorems, minterms, maxterms, SOP and POS form of Boolean expressions for gate network, simplification of Boolean expression using Boolean algebra and Karnaugh map techniques (upto 4 variables).

## **UNIT II: LOGIC FAMILIES & CIRCUITS**

Logic Families: TTL, ECL and CMOS parameters (power dissipation, speed, supply requirements, Logic level, Fan in, Fan out), Noise Immunity. Combinational Circuits: Encoders and Decoders, Multiplexers and Demultiplexers, Adders and Subtractors. Trouble shooting combinational logic circuits.

#### **UNIT III: DIGITAL CIRCUITS**

Sequential Logic Circuits: Flip Flops- SR latch using NAND gates, SR flip-flop, JK flip flop, Master Slave JK Flip Flop, D type flip-flop, T type flip-flop. Shift Register and Counters- serial in- serial out, serial in - parallel out, parallel in - serial out, parallel in-parallel out configurations-Ring counter, Asynchronous counters, synchronous counters, up/down asynchronous counter. Trouble shooting sequential logic circuits.

## **UNIT-IV: OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

Operational Amplifiers and its Applications, Characteristics and Measurements, Emitter Coupled Differential Amplifier, Transfer Characteristics, Voltage gain, Inverting and Non-inverting amplifiers, Voltage follower, Phase inverter, Scale changer, integrator and Differentiator circuits, Summing and Difference Amplifier, 555 Timer: Astable and Monostable operation. Trouble shooting Linear ICs (LM 714 and 5555.)

#### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

- 1. Morris M. Mano, Digital Design, Pearson Pub.
- 2. A.P. Malvino, Digital Principles and Applications, McGraw Hill International Editions (Fourth Edition)
- 3. R.P. Jain, Modern Digital Electronics, Tata McGraw Hill Pub (Third Edition).
- 4. Thomas L. Floyd, Digital Fundamentals-Universal Book stall.
- 5. R.A. Gayakwad, Operational Amplifiers and Linear Integrated Circuits, PHI
- 6. Operational Amplifiers by David Bell

## **LABORATORY (2 Credits)**

Practical work includes the detailed explanation of all the circuit components and blocks of the system. A. full demonstration of the system is necessary before proceeding with the hands-on experimentation. At least 10 experiments from the following:

### **Practicals:**

- 1. Study of basic gates (verification of truth table) using ICs.
- 2. Design and realization of AND, OR and NOT gates using diodes / transistors.
- 3. Construction of basic gates using NAND / NOR gates.
- 4. Construction and Study of half adder using NAND gates.
- 5. Study JK and D Flip Flop using IC's.
- 6. Design and realization of adder and subtractor (using basic gates).
- 7. Design and realization of adders and subtractor using universal gates.
- 8. Design and realization of Multiplexers.
- 9. Design and realization of De-multiplexers.
- 10. Design and realization of SR flip flop using NAND and NOR gates.
- 11. Design and realization of JK flip flop using NAND and NOR gates.
- 12. Design and realization of D flip flop using NAND and NOR gates.
- 13. Design and realization of T flip flop using NAND and NOR gates.
- 14. Study JK and D flip-flop using IC's.
- 15. To study the various characteristics of 741 OP-amp.
- 16. To study OP-amp as
  - (a) Adder (b) Subtractor (c) Differentiator (d) Integrator
- 17. Study the Input Offset parameters of Op-Amp.
- 18. Study of inverting and Non-Inverting Amplifier using Op-Amps.